

KS1 History Year A 2022/2023

Previous learning

- All children should have an awareness that life was different in the past.
- Things change over time and that events happened before they were born.
- Nurses and doctors help us if we are ill.
- Some children should recognise that we know about the past from the use of a range of sources.



Lady with the Lamp



Mother Seacole

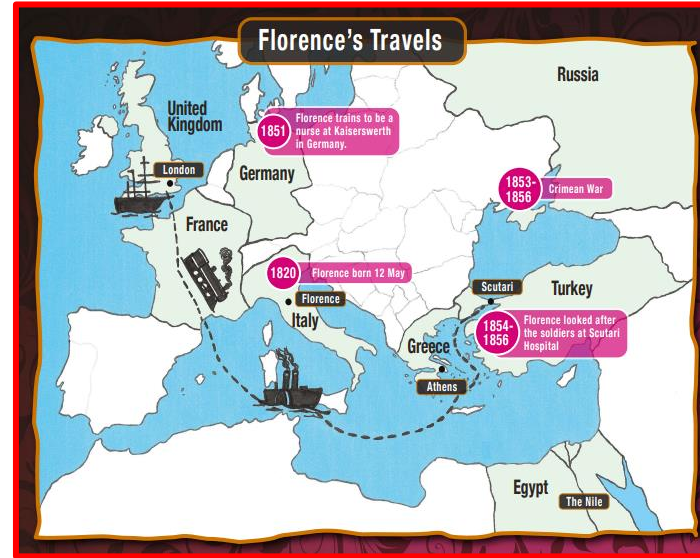
She set up a hotel in Crimea because she was not allowed to open her own hospital. She treated soldiers at her hotel and travelled to the battlefields to treat the men.



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Gospel in love and growing together
to become lifelong learners

Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole

2022 2023



New learning

- Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole were significant people who changed the way people thought about nursing, women and race.
- Begin to recognise why people went to the Crimea.
- Mary Seacole wanted to help others but faced many barriers.
- Understand the impact Florence had on nursing in the United Kingdom.
- Hospitals in England changed for the better thanks to the work of Florence Nightingale.
- Identify similarities and differences between Florence and Mary.
- Nurses and doctors help us if we are ill.
- Some children should recognise that we know about the past from the use of a range of sources.

1805: Mary Jane Grant born in Jamaica.

1817: Mary takes an interest in medicine to help her mother.

1836: Marries Edwin Seacole and becomes Mary Seacole.

1853: The Crimean War starts.

1854: Mary used her own money to travel to the Crimea after being told she was not needed.

1856: The Crimean War ends, and Mary returns to London unable to get work.



1881: Mary died in London.



1820: Florence was born in Florence, Italy.



1853: The Crimean War starts.

1854: Florence travelled to Turkey and cleaned up the hospitals.

1855: Florence came back to England as a heroine.

1859: Florence opened a training school for nurses in London.



1907: Queen Victoria awarded Florence the Order of Merit, the first woman to ever receive it.

1910: Florence died aged 90.

Previous learning

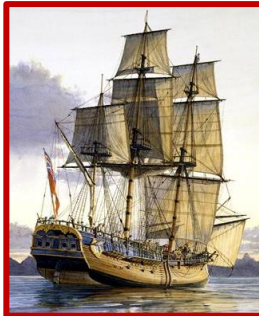
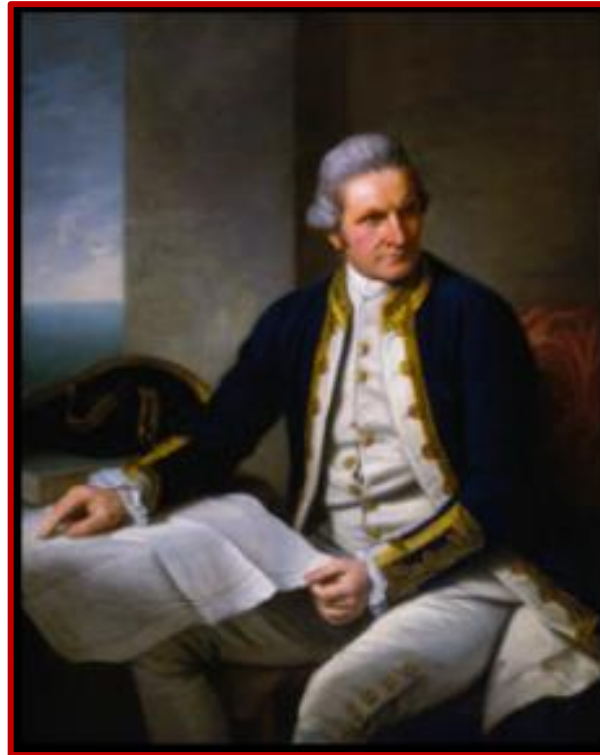
- All children should have an awareness that life was different in the past.
 - Things change over time and that events happened before they were born.
 - Some children should recognise that we know about the past from the use of a range of sources.
- Some children will know:
- Neil Armstrong was an explorer on the moon.
 - People use boats to travel.

Captain James Cook



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HMS
Endeavour



New learning

- He was born in Yorkshire and is from our locality.
- James Cook is a famous explorer who discovered many new lands such as Hawaii and the Cook Islands.
- He discovered the east coast of Australia.
- He is one of the worlds best cartographers (map maker).
- Many places across Oceania and the Pacific are named after him.
- Space Shuttles have been named after his ships.
- He was sent on a secret mission by the King.
- He was the first to cross the Antarctic Circle.
- Identify similarities and differences between the explorers, Captain Cook and Neil Armstrong.
- Children should further understand that we know about the past from the use of a range of sources.

1736: The Cook family move to **Great Ayton**. His father was a farm manager.

1746: James moved to **Whitby** and transported coal from Newcastle to London.

1763-66: James surveyed (mapped) the coast of Newfoundland. He was one of the best **cartographers** in the world.

1770: The HMS Endeavour discovers the east coast of **Australia**; they land in **Botany Bay**. They encounter aborigines.



1773: Cook was the first navigator to cross the **Antarctic Circle**.



1779: Cook was killed in **Hawaii** after a disagreement with locals.

1728: James Cook was born on 28th October in **Marton**, Yorkshire.

1745: He went to work in Staithes for a merchant.

1755: James Cook joined the Royal Navy at the age of 27.

1768: Given his first command in his own ship called the HMS Endeavour. Captain Cook, visited Tahiti and was the first to land in **New Zealand**.

1772: Cook was promoted to Commander. Second voyage crossed the **Arctic Circle**.

1774: Cook made the first accurate map of the **Pacific**. He discovered many new islands.



Previous learning

- All children should have an awareness that life was different in the past.
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 - Some children should recognise that we know about the past from the use of a range of sources.
- Some children will know:
- In the past, people used, horses, trains and boats to travel.
 - Trains started carrying passengers in 1825.
 - Steam trains from Leeming Bar went to Saltburn-By-The-Sea.

Seaside Holidays

2022 2023

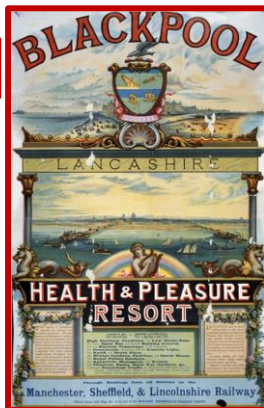
Similarities

- Play on the sand.
- Watch 'Punch and Judy' shows.
- Eat ice-cream.
- Eat fish and chips.
- People go to the seaside on holiday.
- Swim in the sea or a pool next to it.
- Explore rock pools.
- Walk along the pier and promenade.

New learning

- Investigate how seaside holidays have changed in the last 100 years. Similarities and differences.
- The word holiday, comes from the term 'holy day' when you would get one special day off from work because of a religious festival.
- Victorians went to the seaside because the sea air and water was thought to help your health and heal diseases.
- The first people to go on seaside holidays were rich people.
- Bathing machines were invented so people could get changed into their bathing costumes without being seen. Horses would move them in and out of the water.
- Piers were invented so rich people could get close to the sea without getting wet.

Holiday Poster



1850



1920



1980



Saltburn-By-The-Sea



Steam Train



1900



1950



2023